

Please delete all multiple dependencies. If any multiple dependencies remain in the claims, it is respectfully requested that said multiple dependencies be deleted and reference be made to the immediately preceding claim.

Please delete all reference numerals in parentheses.

a' ( Claim 1. (Amended) A rotating electric machine incorporating a stator having slots formed of walls and at least one winding [with windings] <sup>r</sup> down through the slots in the stator, [characterized in that] and wherein the winding[s consist of] comprises a high-voltage cable and [in that] at least one of said slots and at least one end surface of the stator includes [is provided with] cuff means [arranged] between the cable and the slot, said cuff means extending axially a relatively short distance into the slot.

Claim 2. (Amended) A rotating electric machine as claimed in claim 1, wherein said cuff means comprises a cuff extending in radial direction over a plurality of cable lead-throughs[, preferably all of them,] and having a profile in radial section that substantially corresponds with the profile of the slot.

Claim 3. (Amended) A rotating electric machine as claimed in claim 1 [or 2], wherein said cuff means comprises a plurality of cuffs, circular in a radial section, each cuff surrounding a cable lead-through.

Cont.

Claim 4. (Amended) A rotating electric machine as claimed in claim 1 [any of claims 1-3], wherein the slot has a profile that, in a radial section, has wide parts and narrow parts.

Claim 5. (Amended) A rotating electric machine as claimed in claim 1 [any of claims 1-4], wherein the cuff means is [made] formed of an elastic material.

Claim 6. (Amended) A rotating electric machine as claimed in claim 5, wherein said material is free from oil [and preferably consists of silicon rubber].

Claim 7. (Amended) A rotating electric machine as claimed in claim 1 [in any of claims 1-6], wherein the cuff means has an axial extension of [2-] about 2 cm to about 6 cm and [its] has an axially outermost end [is] situated immediately inside [the] an end surface of the stator.

Claim 8. (Amended) A rotating electric machine as claimed in claim 1 [any of claims 1-7], wherein the cuff means includes a collar at an [is provided at its] axially innermost end [with a] , said collar protruding into a recess running in a radial plane in the walls of the slot.

a' cont.

Claim 9. (Amended) A rotating electric machine as claimed in claim 1 [any of claims 1-8], wherein the cuff means around each cable [lead-through] has an inner profile with a least diameter corresponding substantially to the outer diameter of the cable and expanding conically towards [the] an end plane of the stator.

Claim 10. (Amended) A rotating electric machine as claimed in claim 1 [any of claims 1-9], wherein the cuff means is arranged to abut sealingly against both the slot wall and the cable.

Claim 11. (Amended) A rotating electric machine as claimed in claim 1 [any of claims 1-10], wherein the cable comprises [is of a type comprising] a core with a plurality of conductive strands [parts], an inner semiconducting layer surrounding the core, an insulating layer surrounding the inner semiconducting layer, and an outer semiconducting layer surrounding the insulating layer.

Claim 12. (Amended) A rotating electric machine as claimed in claim 11, wherein the high-voltage cable has a diameter [within the interval 20-] of about 20 mm to about 200 mm and a conducting area [within the interval 80-] of about 80 mm<sup>2</sup> to about 3000 mm<sup>2</sup>.

a' cont

Claim 13. (Amended) A rotating electric machine as claimed in claim 11 [claims 11 or 12], wherein the winding is flexible and in [that] said layers are in contact with each other.

Claim 14. (Amended) A rotating electric machine as claimed in claim 13, wherein [characterized in that] said layers comprise [consist of] materials with such elasticity and such a relation between the coefficients of thermal expansion of the materials that the changes in volume in the layers caused by temperature fluctuations during operation are absorbed by the elasticity of the materials so that the layers retain their adhesion to each other at the temperature fluctuations occurring during operation.

Claim 15. (Amended) A rotating electric machine as claimed in claim 13 [or claim 14], wherein the materials in said layers have [high elasticity, preferably with] an E-modulus less than 500 Mpa[, most preferably less than 200 Mpa].

Claim 16. (Amended) A rotating electric machine as claimed in claim 13 [any of claims 13-15], wherein the coefficients of thermal expansion for the materials in said layers are of substantially the same magnitude.

*a' added.*

Claim 17. (Amended) A rotating electric machine as claimed in claim 13 [any of claims 13-16], wherein the adhesion between the layers is of at least the same magnitude as in the weakest of the materials.

Claim 18. (Amended) A rotating electric machine as claimed in claim 13 [any of claims 13-17], wherein each of the semiconducting layers comprises an [essentially constitutes one] equipotential surface.

Claim 19. (Amended) A method of manufacturing a rotating electric machine incorporating a stator with windings drawn through slots in the stator, [characterized in that] wherein the machine is wound with high-voltage cable and cuff means are applied in at least one of said slots at least one end surface of the stator, so that the cuff means extend a short distance into the slot, the inner dimensions of said cuff means permitting passage of the cable, after which the cable is wound in the slots through the cuff means.

Claim 20. (Unchanged) A method as claimed in claim 19, wherein the cuff means is lubricated with an anti-friction agent before the cable is passed through them.

Please add the following new claims.

a<sup>2</sup>  
--22. A rotating electric machine as claimed in claim 5, wherein the material comprises silicon rubber.

23. A rotating electric machine as claimed in claim 13, wherein the materials in said layers have an E-modulus less than 200 Mpa.

24. A rotating electric machine as claimed in claim 1, wherein the cable comprises a conductive core and an electric field confining insulating covering surrounding the core.-